

ÉCOLE SECONDAIRE WINDSOR SECONDARY SCHOOL 931 Broadview Drive North Vancouver, BC V7H 2E9 Telephone: 604-903-3700 Attendance: 604-903-3707 Fax: 604-903-3701

COURSE OUTLINE

SUBJECT: Mathematics 8 (https://curriculum.gov.bc.ca/curriculum/mathematics/8)

BIG IDEAS:

Number	Computational	Discrete linear	The relationship	Analyzing data by
represents,	fluency and	relationships can be	between surface area	determining averages
describes, and	flexibility	represented in	and volume of 3D	is one way to make
compares the	extend to	many connected	objects can be used to	sense of large data
quantities of	operations	ways and used to	describe, measure, and	sets and enables us to
ratios, rates,	with fractions.	identify and make	compare spatial	compare and interpret.
and percent.		generalizations.	relationships.	

CURRICULAR COMPETENCIES:

Students are expected to be able to do the following:

Reasoning and analyzing

- Use logic and patterns to solve puzzles and play games
- Use reasoning and logic to explore, analyze, and apply mathematical ideas
- Estimate reasonably
- Demonstrate and apply mental math strategies
- Use tools or technology to explore and create patterns and relationships, and test conjectures
- Model mathematics in contextualized experiences

Understanding and solving

- Apply multiple strategies to solve problems in both abstract and contextualized situations
- Develop, demonstrate, and apply mathematical understanding through play, inquiry, and problem solving
- Visualize to explore mathematical concepts
- Engage in problem-solving experiences that are connected to place, story, cultural practices, and perspectives relevant to local First Peoples communities, the local community, and other cultures

Communicating and representing

- Use mathematical vocabulary and language to contribute to mathematical discussions
- Explain and justify mathematical ideas and decisions
- Communicate mathematical thinking in many ways
- Represent mathematical ideas in concrete, pictorial, and symbolic forms

Connecting and reflecting

- Reflect on mathematical thinking
- Connect mathematical concepts to each other and to other areas and personal interests
- Use mathematical arguments to support personal choices
- Incorporate First Peoples worldviews and perspectives to make connections to mathematical concepts

CONTENT:

Students are expected to know the following:

- perfect squares and cubes
- square and cube roots
- percents less than 1 and greater than 100 (decimal and fractional percents)
- numerical proportional reasoning (rates, ratio, proportions, and percent)
- operations with fractions (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and order of operations)
- discrete linear relations (extended to larger numbers, limited to integers)
- expressions- writing and evaluating using substitution
- two-step equations with integer coefficients, constants, and solutions
- surface area and volume of regular solids, including triangular and other right prisms and cylinders
- Pythagorean theorem
- construction, views, and nets of 3D objects
- central tendency
- theoretical probability with two independent events
- financial literacy best buys

RESOURCE MATERIALS:

Math*Links* 8 Pathways to Success (McGraw-Hill Education) Locally developed supplemental packages **Direct entry scientific calculator required**

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES:

1) PREPARATION FOR CLASS

It is the student's responsibility to arrive for each class **on time** with their notebook, pencils, calculator, and textbook. Good work habits, effort, regular attendance, and completion of assignments contribute to successful achievement.

2) ABSENCES

Missing classes for any reason will have an impact on learning, assessment, and evaluation. Students absent from class, whether excused or unexcused, are solely responsible for obtaining and completing any missed assignments, work, or homework. Your teacher is not required to make special arrangements for unexcused absences.

- a) Students absent for illness, medical appointments, and other emergencies **must** contact their teacher **on the day they return to school** to submit overdue assignments, schedule missed assessments, and to receive missed work.
- b) Students absent for school related activities (ex. field trips, work experience, sports trips, etc.), **must** inform their teacher of this absence **well in advance** of the activity, in order to receive specific instructions on work that will be missed and the rescheduling of missed assessments.
- c) Students absent for any other reason, including family vacations, are considered **unexcused.** Any work or assessments missed for these absences may result in receiving a **zero** for that activity.